Your patch testing results indicate that you have a contact allergy to **Triclocarban(TCC)**. It is important that you familiarize yourself with this chemical and take steps to avoid coming in contact with it.

**What is Triclocarban(TCC) and where is it found?**

This chemical is used as a bacteriostat and disinfectant in plastics, soaps and various cleaning products. Further research may identify additional product or industrial usages of this chemical.

**What else is Triclocarban(TCC) called?**

This chemical can be identified by different names, including:

- (3',4' dichlorophenyl) 3 (4' chlorophenyl)urea
- N (3,4 dichlorophenyl) N' (4 chlorophenyl)urea
- 3,4,4' Trichlorocarbanilide
- N (4 Chlorophenyl) N' (3,4 dichlorophenyl)urea
- Chlorophenyl N' (3,4 dichlorophenyl)urea
- Procutene
- Cusiter
- Cusitan
- Genoface
- N (3,4 dichlorophenyl) N' (4 Chloropehnyl) urea
- N (3,4 dichlorophenyl) N' (4 Chloropehnyl) urea
- TCC
- Triclocarban
- Trichlorocarbanilide

This may not be a complete list as manufacturers introduce and delete chemicals from their product lines.

**THINGS YOU CAN DO TO HELP MANAGE YOUR CONTACT ALLERGY**

- **Be vigilant … read the product label.** Always take the time to read the ingredient listing on product packages. This should be your first step each time you purchase a product as manufacturers sometimes change product ingredients. If you have any concerns ask your pharmacist or your doctor.
- **Test the product first.** If you have purchased a new product you should test it on a small skin area to see if you get a reaction before using the product on larger skin areas.
- **Advise people you obtain services from of your contact allergy.** This should include people like your pharmacist, doctor, hairdresser, florist, veterinarian, etc.
- **Inform your employer if the source of your contact allergy is work related.** You should identify the specific source of the chemical and take the necessary steps to avoid further exposure. Protective wear may be adequate or you may need to make a change in your work activities. Both you and your employer benefit when the cause of your occupational dermatitis is eliminated.
- **“Google” it.** The internet is an excellent source of ingredient information that can be searched by product, by company and by specific chemical. Some helpful independent internet links include:
  - [www.cosmeticsinfo.org](http://www.cosmeticsinfo.org) (Cosmetic Industry Category Ingredient Database)
  - [www.whatsinsideascjohnson.com](http://www.whatsinsideascjohnson.com) (information on all S.C. Johnson product ingredients)

If you have any future contact dermatitis concerns or questions, please call the doctor's office.