

**Dibutyl Thiourea**

(D-038)

Your patch testing results indicate that you have a contact allergy to **Dibutyl Thiourea**. It is important that you familiarize yourself with this chemical and take steps to avoid coming in contact with it.

**What is Dibutyl Thiourea and where is it found?**

This is a chemical used as a corrosion inhibitor for acid washing and treatments in metals as well as a rubber processing accelerator. It is used directly in ore filtering, metal refinery and cleaning, as an additive in fertilizers, drilling auxiliaries, light-sensitive photocopy paper and explosives. It is also used as an insecticide, textile-treating agent, and as an intermediate to produce other compounds. Further research may identify additional product or industrial usages of this chemical.

**What else is Dibutyl Thiourea called?**

This chemical can be identified by different names, including:

*1,3-Dibutylthiourea**1,3-Dibutyl-2-thiourea**N,N-Dibutylthiourea**N,N' Di'-n-butylthiourea**Pennzone B**Thiourea, N,N'-dibutyl*

This may not be a complete list as manufacturers introduce and delete chemicals from their product lines.

**THINGS YOU CAN DO TO HELP MANAGE YOUR CONTACT ALLERGY**

- Be vigilant ... read the product label.** Always take the time to read the ingredient listing on product packages. This should be your first step *each* time you purchase a product as manufacturers sometimes change product ingredients. If you have any concerns ask your pharmacist or your doctor.
- Test the product first.** If you have purchased a new product you should test it on a small skin area to see if you get a reaction before using the product on larger skin areas.
- Advise people you obtain services from of your contact allergy.** This should include people like your pharmacist, doctor, hairdresser, florist, veterinarian, etc.
- Inform your employer if the source of your contact allergy is work related.** You should identify the specific source of the chemical and take the necessary steps to avoid further exposure. Protective wear may be adequate or you may need to make a change in your work activities. Both you and your employer benefit when the cause of your occupational dermatitis is eliminated.
- “Google” it.** The internet is an excellent source of ingredient information that can be searched by product, by company and by specific chemical. Some helpful independent internet links include:
  - [www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factsheets.html](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factsheets.html)** (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; alphabetic list)
  - [www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factssubj.html](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factssubj.html)** (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; subject list)
  - [www.cosmeticsinfo.org](http://www.cosmeticsinfo.org)** (Cosmetic Industry Category Ingredient Database)
  - [www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com](http://www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com)** (information on all S.C. Johnson product ingredients)

If you have any future contact dermatitis concerns or questions, please call the doctor's office.